

# QUARKS

The  $u$ -,  $d$ -, and  $s$ -quark masses are estimates of so-called “current-quark masses,” in a mass-independent subtraction scheme such as  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  at a scale  $\mu \approx 2$  GeV. The  $c$ - and  $b$ -quark masses are the “running” masses in the  $\overline{\text{MS}}$  scheme. This can be different from the heavy quark masses obtained in potential models.

**u**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_u = 2.16_{-0.26}^{+0.49} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad I_z = +\frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_u/m_d = 0.47_{-0.07}^{+0.06}$$

**d**

$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_d = 4.67_{-0.17}^{+0.48} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Charge} = -\frac{1}{3} e \quad I_z = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_s/m_d = 17-22$$

$$\bar{m} = (m_u + m_d)/2 = 3.45_{-0.15}^{+0.55} \text{ MeV}$$

**s**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_s = 93_{-15}^{+11} \text{ MeV} \quad \text{Charge} = -\frac{1}{3} e \quad \text{Strangeness} = -1$$

$$m_s / ((m_u + m_d)/2) = 27.3_{-1.3}^{+0.7}$$

**c**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_c = 1.27 \pm 0.02 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad \text{Charm} = +1$$

$$m_c/m_s = 11.72 \pm 0.25$$

$$m_b/m_c = 4.577 \pm 0.008$$

$$m_b - m_c = 3.45 \pm 0.05 \text{ GeV}$$

**b**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$m_b = 4.18_{-0.02}^{+0.03} \text{ GeV} \quad \text{Charge} = -\frac{1}{3} e \quad \text{Bottom} = -1$$

**t**

$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

$$\text{Charge} = \frac{2}{3} e \quad \text{Top} = +1$$

Mass (direct measurements)  $m = 172.9 \pm 0.4$  GeV <sup>[a,b]</sup> (S = 1.3)  
 Mass (from cross-section measurements)  $m = 160_{-4}^{+5}$  GeV <sup>[a]</sup>  
 Mass (Pole from cross-section measurements)  $m = 173.1 \pm 0.9$  GeV  
 $m_t - m_{\bar{t}} = -0.16 \pm 0.19$  GeV  
 Full width  $\Gamma = 1.42_{-0.15}^{+0.19}$  GeV (S = 1.4)  
 $\Gamma(Wb)/\Gamma(Wq(q = b, s, d)) = 0.957 \pm 0.034$  (S = 1.5)

### **t-quark EW Couplings**

$F_0 = 0.687 \pm 0.018$   
 $F_- = 0.320 \pm 0.013$   
 $F_+ = 0.002 \pm 0.011$   
 $F_{V+A} < 0.29$ , CL = 95%

<b>t DECAY MODES</b>	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Confidence level	$P$ (MeV/c)
$t \rightarrow Wq(q = b, s, d)$			—
$t \rightarrow Wb$			—
$t \rightarrow e\nu_e b$	(13.3±0.6) %		—
$t \rightarrow \mu\nu_\mu b$	(13.4±0.6) %		—
$t \rightarrow \tau\nu_\tau b$	( 7.1±0.6) %		—
$t \rightarrow q\bar{q}b$	(66.5±1.4) %		—

### **$\Delta T = 1$ weak neutral current (T1) modes**

$t \rightarrow Zq(q=u,c)$	T1	[c] < 5	$\times 10^{-4}$	95%	—
$t \rightarrow Hu$	T1	< 1.9	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%	—
$t \rightarrow Hc$	T1	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%	—
$t \rightarrow \ell^+ \bar{q}q' (q=d,s,b; q'=u,c)$	T1	< 1.6	$\times 10^{-3}$	95%	—

## **$b'$ (4<sup>th</sup> Generation) Quark, Searches for**

Mass  $m > 190$  GeV, CL = 95% ( $p\bar{p}$ , quasi-stable  $b'$ )  
 Mass  $m > 1350$  GeV, CL = 95% ( $pp$ , charged-current decays)  
 Mass  $m > 46.0$  GeV, CL = 95% ( $e^+e^-$ , all decays)

## **$t'$ (4<sup>th</sup> Generation) Quark, Searches for**

$m(t'(2/3)) > 1160$  GeV, CL = 95% (neutral-current decays)  
 $m(t'(2/3)) > 1295$  GeV, CL = 95% (charged-current decays)  
 $m(t'(5/3)) > 1.350 \times 10^3$  GeV, CL = 95%

## **Free Quark Searches**

All searches since 1977 have had negative results.

## NOTES

- [a] A discussion of the definition of the top quark mass in these measurements can be found in the review “The Top Quark.”
- [b] Based on published top mass measurements using data from Tevatron Run-I and Run-II and LHC at  $\sqrt{s} = 7$  TeV. Including the most recent unpublished results from Tevatron Run-II, the Tevatron Electroweak Working Group reports a top mass of  $173.2 \pm 0.9$  GeV. See the note “The Top Quark’ in the Quark Particle Listings of this *Review*.
- [c] This limit is for  $\Gamma(t \rightarrow Zq)/\Gamma(t \rightarrow Wb)$ .